

CTV-15 I-95 at NW 79 ST

Performance Measures & Targets Workshop

August 17, 2023

Welcome

Workshop Agenda:

1. Federal Performance Measures & Targets
Jennifer Fortunas, FDOT
Rafiq Darji, USDOT
2. Questions & Answers
3. Local Performance Measures & Targets
4. Breakout Exercises

Workshop Materials

In-Person:

Displays are posted in the back
of the room.

Virtual Participants:

PDFs are posted on TPA's
Performance Measures and
Targets Workshop webpage.



Vision 2050: Safe, Efficient

Questions or
Comments?

Join at [TPA](#)
Use Code 3470631



Goal: Safe

Objective S.1: Eliminate transportation related serious injuries and fatalities.
Strategy S.1a: Implement the TPA Vision Zero Action Plan and Complete Streets Policy.
Strategy S.1b: Identify and prioritize projects on the High Injury Network.
Strategy S.1c: Address transportation barriers in historically disadvantaged communities.
Strategy S.1d: Leverage innovation and technology with demonstrated safety benefits.
Objective S.2: Support regional adoption of safety policies and plans.
Strategy S.2a: Establish and Implement Vision Zero and Complete Streets policies & plans.
Strategy S.2b: Utilize a Safe System decision-making framework in planning & design.
Objective S.3: Support emergency management functions including evacuation, response, and post-disaster recovery.
Strategy S.3a: Consider projects that maintain or enhance evacuation routes.
Objective S.4: Enhance the safety and security of transit, rail, and other multimodal facilities.
Strategy S.4a: Improve existing rail grade crossings with a crash history.
Strategy S.4b: Improve bus terminals and stop areas.
Strategy S.4c: Develop microtransit and mobility hubs throughout the county.

Safe

Federal Performance Measures (FPM)

Number of fatalities
Rate of fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (VMT)

Number of serious injuries
Rate of serious injuries per 100 million (VMT)

Number of non-motorized fatalities & serious injuries combined

TPA Performance Measures

Number of rail fatalities

Palm Tran Fixed Route & Paratransit Safety

Vision 2050 Performance Measures for Consideration

	Purpose:
Safety projects along the HIN	Track safety improvements made to high-crash road segments.
Tactical interventions in HIN	Track immediate, low-cost interventions on high-crash roads.
Partner safety & complete streets resolutions and action plans	Track safety culture in TPA planning area.
Equity based projects programmed	Track investments in historically disadvantaged communities.
Rail crossings improved	Track safety improvements to multimodal railroad crossings.
Rail crossings grade separated	Track elimination of at-grade railroad crossings.

Goal: Efficient

Objective E.1: Provide more efficient use and operation of the transportation system.
Strategy E.1a: Repurpose existing road space to support economic development, safety, and mobility for all users.
Strategy E.1b: Implement Transportation Systems Management & Operation (TSM&O) along congested corridors, with priority to non-urban centers.
Objective E.2: Address capacity constraints of the existing transportation system.
Strategy E.2a: Identify strategies to improve traffic operation at bottlenecks in the transportation system.
Strategy E.2b: Add or expand facilities for sustainable modes.
Objective E.3: Improve public transit, micromobility, and transportation service reliability, efficiency, and convenience.
Strategy E.3a: Prioritize transit frequency and reliability with technology.
Strategy E.3b: Provide real-time transportation information & displays.
Objective E.4: Address the economic barrier of automobile ownership and dependence with transportation options.
Strategy E.4a: Study and improve transit operations.
Strategy E.4b: Prioritize transit and last-mile travel solutions.
Strategy E.4c: Prioritize transportation opportunity in infill or key growth areas that support new workforce and affordable housing.
Objective E.5: Incentivize reduced travel demand during peak periods.
Strategy E.5a: Leverage transportation demand management (TDM) tools & programs to redistribute demand across space and time.

Efficiency

Federal Performance Measures (FPM)

Percent of reliable person-miles traveled on the Interstate
Percent of reliable person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS

Truck travel time reliability ratio (TTTR) on the Interstate

TPA Performance Measures

Ratio of transit v. car average commute time

Passenger trips per revenue hour:

for Tri-Rail service

for Palm Tran fixed route service

	Purpose:
Corridors or Routes Improved	Track TSM&O or Complete Streets networks.
Households (or Population) served by High-frequency transit	Monitor the proportion of population with nearby access to frequent transit.
Households (or Population) within First-mile and Last-mile service areas	Monitor the proportion of population with access to services like on-demand transit, or micromobility.
Mobility service area coverage	Monitor trends in walking, bicycling, micromobility over time.
Trips taken via alternative transportation modes	Monitor trends in walking, bicycling, micromobility over time.

Participation

Menti.com will be utilized during the workshop.

- Presentation: Real-time polling
- Display Materials: Share questions or feedback

Note: Each display material uses a unique QR, or Menti Code.

The display board features the Vision 2050 logo at the top left. To the right, a large blue arrow points from the text "Menti Code or QR" towards a green QR code labeled "Join at [Menti.com](#) Use Code 3470631". The board is divided into two main sections: "Goal: Safe" and "Goal: Efficient".

Goal: Safe

Objective S.1: Eliminate transportation related serious injuries and fatalities.

- Strategy S.1.a: Implement the TPA Vision Zero Action Plan and Complete Streets network.
- Strategy S.1.b: Identify and prioritize projects on the High Injury Network.
- Strategy S.1.c: Address transportation barriers in historically disadvantaged communities.
- Strategy S.1.d: Leverage innovation and technology with demonstrated success.
- Objective S.2: Support regional adoption of safety policies and plans.
- Strategy S.2.a: Establish and implement Vision Zero and Complete Streets networks.
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- Objective S.3: Support emergency management functions including evacuation, response, and post-disaster recovery.
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- Strategy S.4.a: Improve existing rail grade crossings with a crash history.
- Strategy S.4.b: Improve bus terminals and stop areas.
- Strategy S.4.c: Develop microtransit and mobility hubs throughout the county.

Goal: Efficient

Objective E.1: Optimize the transportation system, supporting economic development, safety, and management & operation (TSM&O) priority to non-urban centers.

- Strategy E.1.a: Add or expand facilities for sustainable modes.
- Objective E.1.b: Improve public transit, micromobility, and transportation service reliability.
- Strategy E.1.c: Prioritize transit frequency and reliability with technology.
- Strategy E.1.d: Provide real-time transportation information & displays.
- Objective E.2: Address the economic barrier of automobile ownership and dependence with transportation options.
- Strategy E.2.a: Study and improve transit operations.
- Strategy E.2.b: Provide first-mile and last-mile travel solutions.
- Strategy E.2.c: Prioritize transportation opportunity in infill or key growth areas that support new workforce and affordable housing.
- Objective E.3: Incentivize reduced travel demand during peak periods.
- Strategy E.3.a: Leverage transportation demand management (TDM) tools & programs to redistribute demand across space and time.

Efficiency

Federal Performance Measures (FPM)

Number of Fatalities	Rate of fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (VMT)	TPA Performance Measures
Number of serious injuries	Rate of serious injuries per 100 million (VMT)	
Number of non-motorized fatalities & serious injuries combined		
Number of rail fatalities		
Palm Tran Fixed Route & Paratransit Safety		
Vision 2050 Performance Measures for Consideration		
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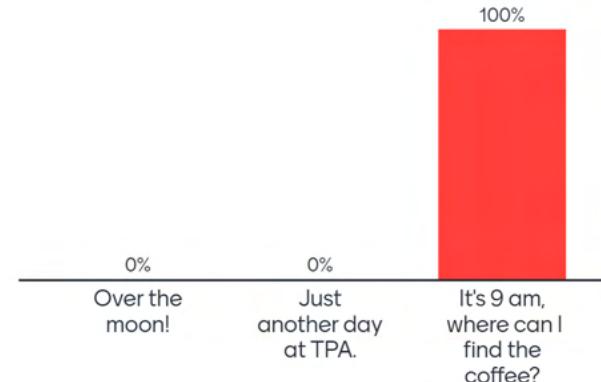
Percent of reliable person-miles traveled on the Interstate	TPA Performance Measures
Percent of reliable person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS	
Truck travel time reliability ratio (TTTR) on the Interstate	
Ratio of transit v. car average commute time	
Passenger trips per revenue hour:	
for Tri-Rail service	
for Palm Tran fixed route service	
Vision 2050 Performance Measures for Consideration	
Purpose:	
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Households (or Population) served by High-frequency transit	Monitor the proportion of population with nearby access to frequent transit.
Households (or Population) within Five-mile and 10-mile service areas	Monitor the proportion of population with access to services like on-demand transit, or micromobility.
Mobility service area coverage	Monitor the proportion of high daytime population (e.g., offices, retail) with access to services like on-demand transit, or micromobility.
Trips taken via alternative transportation modes	Monitor trends in walking, bicycling, micromobility over time.

Let's Get Started

Join at menti.com use code 6234 5472



**How excited are you to talk
Performance Measures and Targets
today?**



Transportation Performance Management (TPM)

FHWA - TPM Overview

Palm Beach TPA Performance Measures & Targets Workshop

August 17, 2023

Rafiq Darji, M.S., P.E.
Division Bridge & Structures
Engineer



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



What is Transportation Performance Management (TPM)?

Focusing on Performance for Safe, Reliable Journeys

The Federal Highway Administration defines Transportation Performance Management (TPM) as a strategic approach that uses system information to make investment and policy decisions to achieve national performance goals.



Investment Decisions

Using goals, measures, and data to make better informed decisions about how to invest transportation funding.



Aimed at a Better Performing Transportation System

Setting targets, developing plans, reporting results, and being accountable for performance.



For Connected and Productive Communities

Focusing on the efficient delivery of goods and safe, reliable journeys to work, to school, to shopping, to community activities.



Why Are We Doing Performance Management?

- Provide the **most efficient investment** of Federal transportation funds
- Refocus on **national transportation goals**
- Increase **accountability and transparency**
- **Improve decision-making** through performance-based planning and programming

Why is it Important?

- Provide link between goals and specific actions
- Guide decisions on best use of available resources
- Evaluate the effectiveness of policies, plans, programs and projects
- Track system performance over time
- Communicate results to internal and external audiences
- Strengthen accountability



National Goals

- Safety
- Infrastructure condition
- Congestion reduction
- System reliability
- Freight movement and economic vitality
- Environmental sustainability
- Reduced project delivery delays



Safety Measures (PM1)

Measure	Scope	Data Source(s)
Number of Fatalities	All public roads	Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS)
Rate of Fatalities per 100 million Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)	All public roads	FARS MPO VMT Estimate Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS)
Number of Serious Injuries	All public roads	State Reported Data
Rate of Serious Injuries per 100 million VMT	All public roads	State Reported Data MPO VMT Estimate HPMS
Number of non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries	All public roads	FARS State Reported Data



Pavement and Bridge Measures (PM2)

Measure	Scope	Data Source(s)
% of pavements in good condition	Interstate System	Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS)
% of pavements in poor condition	Interstate System	HPMS
% of pavements in good condition	Non-Interstate NHS System	HPMS
% of pavements in poor condition	Non-Interstate NHS System	HPMS
% of bridges in good condition	NHS Bridges	National Bridge Inventory (NBI)
% of bridges in poor condition	NHS Bridges	NBI



System Performance Measures (PM3)

Measure	Scope	Data Source(s)
% of person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable	Interstate System mileage within the State or each Metropolitan Planning Area (MPA)	Travel Times: National Performance Management Research Data Set (NPMRDS) or equivalent
% of person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable	Non-Interstate NHS within the State or each MPA	Traffic Volumes: HPMS Occupancy Factors: FHWA (likely based on national surveys) or other allowed data sources



Freight Performance Measures (PM3)

Measure	Scope	Data Source(s)
Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) Index	For each segment on the Interstate System	NPMRDS

Congestion at Freight bottlenecks

- Attached to Biennial Report
- Contains on-road segments with significant mobility or reliability issues
- Developed with NPMRDS data and Stakeholder input





Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Measures (PM3)

Measure	Scope	Data Source(s)
Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Measure (for traffic congestion)	Annual Hours of Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Per Capita for each reporting segment on the NHS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• NPMRDS• HPMS• Hourly traffic volume data/counts
Non-Single Occupancy Vehicle Travel (SOV) Measure (for traffic congestion)	Percent of Non-Single Occupancy Vehicle (SOV) Travel for an entire urbanized area	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• American Community Survey, Local Survey, Modal Counts
Emissions Measure (for on-road mobile source emissions)	Total Emissions Reduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CMAQ, Public Access System





Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Measures (PM3)

Measure	Scope	Data Source(s)
Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Measure (for traffic congestion)	Annual Hours of Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Per Capita for each reporting segment on the NHS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• NPMRDS• HPMS• Hourly traffic volume data/counts
Non-Single Occupancy Vehicle Travel (SOV) Measure (for traffic congestion)	Percent of Non-Single Occupancy Vehicle (SOV) Travel for an entire urbanized area	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• American Community Survey, Local Survey, Modal Counts
Emissions Measure (for on-road mobile source emissions)	Total Emissions Reduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CMAQ, Public Access System





Pavement TPM Regulations: Performance Measures

Performance Target	Interstate Condition	Non-Interstate NHS Condition
Two-year	% Good	% Good
	% Poor	% Poor
Four-year	% Good	% Good
	% Poor	% Poor





§ 490.311 Metric Thresholds in Final Rule

Rating	Good	Fair	Poor
IRI (inches/mile)	<95	95-170	>170
PSR* (0.0-5.0 value)	≥4.0	2.0-4.0	≤2.0
Cracking Percent (%)	<5	CRCP: 5-10 Jointed: 5-15 Asphalt: 5-20	>10 >15 >20
Rutting (inches)	<0.20	0.20-0.40	>0.40
Faulting (inches)	<0.10	0.10-0.15	>0.15

Pavement TPM Regulations: Calculating Metrics and Measures

- Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) data used by FHWA to calculate good/poor metrics and measures
- Combines consideration of roughness, cracking and rutting/faulting
 - Present Serviceability Rating (PSR) for lower speed roads
- Measures aggregated by lane miles
- HPMS pavement data collection requirements revised to require more comprehensive collection of data for NHS routes



Pavement TPM Regulations: Interstate Minimum Condition and Penalty

- A minimum pavement condition for the Interstate System is no more than 5% in Poor condition
- FHWA will assess this minimum condition annually, using data in the HPMS as of June 15
- If the minimum condition threshold is not met, the penalty is that the State must obligate a specified percentage of its NHPP and Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds to address Interstate conditions
- 1st assessment will occur in 2019

June						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	





§ 490.315 Minimum Condition Requirements and § 490.315 Penalties

	NPRM	Final Rule
Interstate System	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Percentage in Poor condition: no more than 5 percent.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Percentage in Poor condition: no more than 5.0 percent.*
Non-Interstate NHS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">No Minimum Condition or Penalty	<ul style="list-style-type: none">No Minimum Condition or Penalty
Penalty	If minimum not met for <i>two consecutive determinations</i> , State DOT must obligate NHPP & transfer STP funds	If minimum not met for <i>each determination</i> , State DOT must obligate NHPP & transfer STP funds

§ 490.409 Metric Thresholds

NBI Rating Scale
(from 0 – 9)



Deck <i>(Item 58)</i>	≥ 7	5 or 6	≤ 4
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Superstructure <i>(Item 59)</i>	≥ 7	5 or 6	≤ 4
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Substructure <i>(Item 60)</i>	≥ 7	5 or 6	≤ 4
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Culvert <i>(Item 62)</i>	≥ 7	5 or 6	≤ 4
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§ 490.411 Minimum Condition and § 490.413 Penalty Provision

- Minimum condition level: $\leq 10.0\%$ of total deck area of NHS bridges classified as Structurally Deficient
- Penalty: If for 3 consecutive years the minimum condition level is not met, State must obligate and set aside NHPP funds for eligible bridge projects on the NHS

§ 490.107 Reporting on Performance Targets

– State DOTs

- **Baseline Performance Period Report:**
 - Baseline condition/performance;
 - 2- and 4-year targets; etc.
- **Mid Performance Period Progress Report:**
 - 2-year condition/performance;
 - 2-year progress in achieving performance targets;
 - Adjusted 4-year targets (optional);
 - Investment strategy discussion; etc.
- **Full Performance Period Progress Report:**
 - 4-year condition/performance;
 - 4-year progress in achieving performance targets;
 - Investment Strategy discussion; etc.



§ 490.107 Reporting on Performance Targets

- MPOs

Reporting includes:

- Targets to respective State DOT(s) in a manner that is documented and mutually agreed upon by both parties
- Baseline level and progress toward targets in Metropolitan Transportation Plan



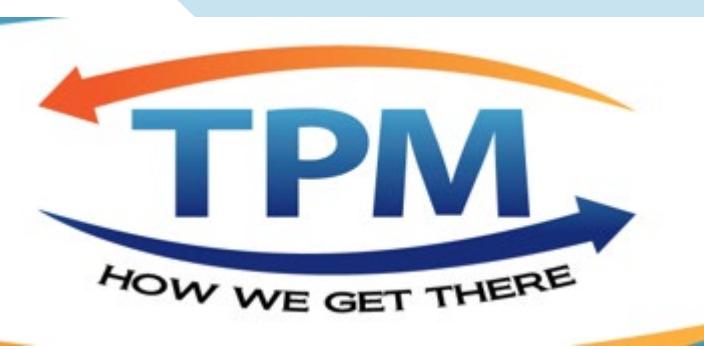
§ 490.109 Significant Progress Determination

- Applies to all targets in this rule
 - Interstate and non-Interstate NHS pavement condition measures, and Bridge condition measures
- FHWA assessment of State DOT target achievement (every 2 years)
 - The actual condition/performance level is better than the baseline, or
 - The actual condition/performance level is equal to or better than the established target
- Consequences of not making significant progress
 - State DOT documents the actions it will take to achieve target
- Extenuating circumstances may be considered



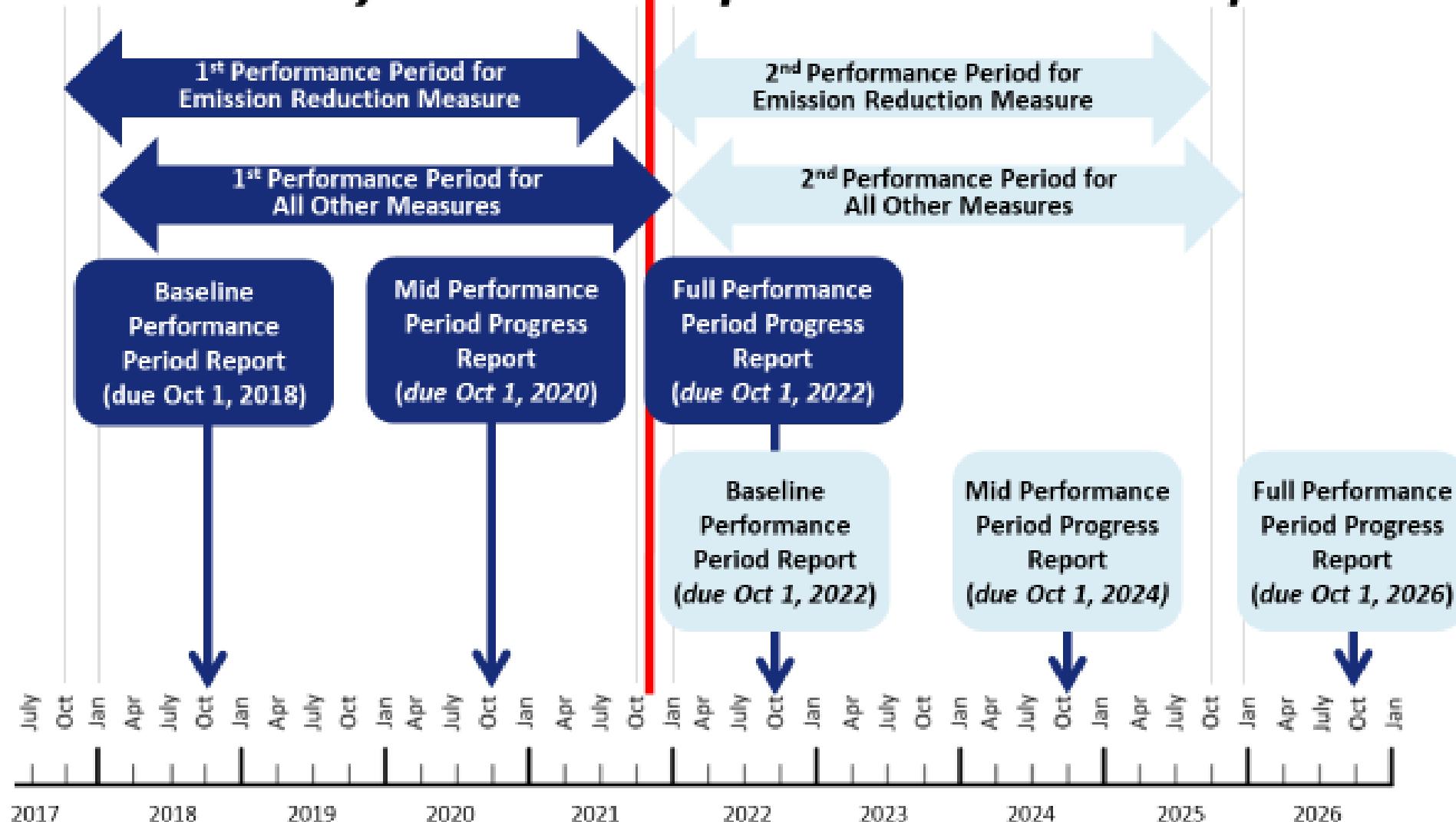
Asset Management Plan (State DOT)

MAP-21 Language (Carried through in BIL)



- 23 U.S.C. 119(e), requires:
 - A State shall develop a risk-based *asset management plan* for the National Highway System to improve or preserve the condition of the assets and the performance of the system.
 - TAMP requirements were amended by the BIL (§ 11105) to require that States take into consideration extreme weather and resilience within their lifecycle cost and risk management analysis. (23 U.S.C. 119(e)(4)(D))

On the TPM Journey: We've Completed the First Step!



TAMP Requirements

- TAMP Processes
 - 1. Performance gap analysis and to strategies to close gaps
 - 2. Lifecycle planning
 - 3. Risk analysis and a risk management plan
 - 4. Financial plan covering at least a 10-year period
 - 5. Investment strategies
 - 6. Obtaining necessary data from NHS owners other than the State DOT
 - 7. Using the best available data and bridge and pavement management systems to analyze NHS bridge and pavement conditions
- TAMP Development and Implementation
 - Evidence of implementation is described as actual investment levels using the Work Types of initial construction, maintenance, preservation, rehabilitation and reconstruction are reasonably close to planned investment levels for each work type. Other evidence or explanations of deviations will be considered.



Annual Consistency Determination

(Below excerpt from FDOT 2023 Implementation Documentation)



Local Agency Implementation

Each of the state's 27 Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) agreed to plan and program projects in their Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) to contribute towards achievement of the statewide NHS pavement and bridge targets.

In Florida, the TIP includes a listing of projects planned for the next five fiscal years which satisfy both state and federal requirements. As explained in the TAMP, the MPOs develop project needs and priorities in coordination with the Department's District Offices. The Department also consults with non-MPO local officials to ensure consideration is given to meeting their transportation needs.

These project priorities serve as the basis for the district-wide prioritization process and are reviewed to ensure adherence to the Department's policies and procedures, established performance measures, and federal requirements. The final list of projects that result from the project selection and prioritization process becomes the Department's Five-Year Work Program, which is the [Statewide Transportation Improvement Program \(STIP\)](#). Therefore, all projects in each MPO TIP which are financed with either state and/or federal funds are included in the STIP

The Relationship

Pavement & Bridge Measures

- FHWA establish consistent performance measures across NHS
- Minimum condition standards for Interstate pavements and NHS bridges
- States and MPOs set performance targets
- States collect and report data

Asset Management Plan

- Incorporates State objectives, measures, and targets
- Perform gap, whole-life cost, and risk analysis
- Develop decision-making and investment strategies

Performance-Based Planning

- States and MPOs focus on national goals
- Develop strategy and targets
 - Focus on performance areas
 - Determine trade-offs
- Develop program
 - Develop STIP/TIP with targets
- Reporting and transparency
 - Deliver projects and strategies
 - States and MPOs report on performance



TPM Reporting - Key Messages

With several years of consistent national performance data, the TPM reporting process is:

- **Complete.** All 52 State DOTs continue to report performance data and targets for each of 17 performance measures.
 - FHWA continues to update and published the [State Performance Dashboards and Reports](#), sharing all data and targets in one place.
- **Accountable.** State DOTs and MPOs continue to work together to set data-informed targets. They are accountable for managing performance to make progress toward the targets they set.
 - FHWA continues to facilitate the collaborative target-setting process, providing guidance, training, and technical assistance to State DOTs and MPOs.
- **Consistent.** With data from consistent measures across all 52 States, all stakeholders can more easily track trends and benchmark their performance.
 - FHWA can uniformly track performance data and tell a national story.



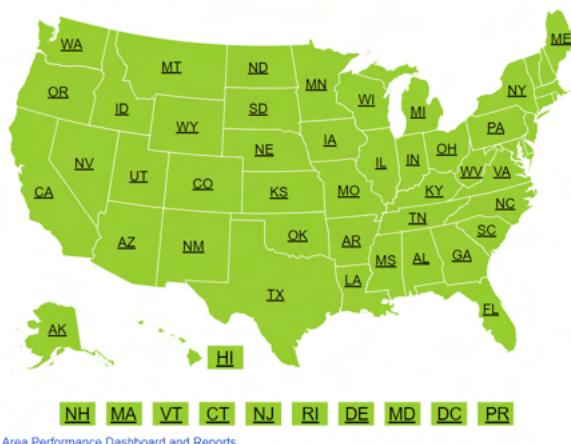
State Performance Reports: a Complete, Consistent Picture

All data submitted during the first reporting period now available:

<https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/tpm/reporting/state/>



State Performance Dashboard - Florida



Telling the Performance Story

Asset Management Plan

- [https://fdotwww.blob.core.windows.net/sitefinity/docs/default-source/planning/performance/fdot-transportation-asset-management-plan_\(june-28-2019\).pdf?sfvrsn=36c94a6b_2](https://fdotwww.blob.core.windows.net/sitefinity/docs/default-source/planning/performance/fdot-transportation-asset-management-plan_(june-28-2019).pdf?sfvrsn=36c94a6b_2)

Performance Dashboard

- <https://www.fdot.gov/planning/performance/default.shtm>

State Freight Plan

- <https://www.fdot.gov/rail/freightmovesflorida>

Long Range Plans

- <http://floridatransportationplan.com/>

[Learn more Performance Stories](#)

Resources, Guidance and Information Materials

- FHWA Office of Asset Management Website
<http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/asset/index.cfm>
- [FHWA Resources for the Asset Management Practitioner](#)
- TPM Essentials video series <https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/tpm/videos/>. The videos provide a great overview of different TPM areas. Each video includes a pdf handout that you can download.
- Overall Information on TPM: [Transportation Performance Management - Federal Highway Administration \(dot.gov\)](#)



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



Thank you for your attention

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U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration





Looking Ahead: Optional Performance Measures & Targets

VISION
2050


Current Monitoring & Reporting

The screenshot shows a web browser window for the Palm Beach Transportation Planning Agency. The URL is palmbeachtpa.org/performance-measures/. The page features a large blue header with the agency's logo and navigation links for About Us, Board & Committees, What We Do, and Get Involved. Below the header is a banner with a blue bus. The main content area has a title 'Get Involved' and a breadcrumb trail: Home > Get Involved > Resources > Performance Measures. On the left, there is a sidebar with links to News and Updates, Resources (Data Hub, Community Profiles, Performance Measures, Conferences, Comment Map, Interactive Map, State & National Associations), Transportation Modes (Interactive Map, Comment Map, Comment Form, How to Attend a Meeting, Title VI/ADA, Events, Transportation Tuesday Newsletter), and a Privacy Policy link.

Performance Measures

Performance Measures track the progress towards meeting the TPA's vision of a safe, efficient and connected multimodal transportation system. The Performance Measures were adopted into the [2045 Long Range Transportation Plan](#) and include locally-adopted and federally-required performance measures. The TPA tracks progress through the [Performance Measures Dashboard](#). The overall scorecards can be viewed below. To find out more information for each measure, click on the embedded links.

TPA Performance Measures Scorecard

Preserve

Metric	Goal Met	Actual	Target	Trend
Maintenance	Goal Met	2022	2022	Trend
Bridges				
Bridges in Good Condition^{xx}	✓	82.1%	≥ 50%	↓
Bridges in Poor Condition^{xx}	✓	1.0%	< 5%	↓
Pavement	Goal Met	2021	2022	Trend
Interstate Pavements in Good Condition^{xx}	X	59.5%	≥ 60%	↑
Interstate Pavements in Poor Condition^{xx}	✓	0.0%	< 5%	↓
Non-Interstate NHS pavements in Good Condition^{xx}	✓	45.1%	≥ 40%	↑
Non-Interstate NHS pavements in Poor Condition^{xx}	✓	1.2%	< 5%	↓
Transit	Goal Met	2021	2022	Trend
Palm Tran 60ft Articulated Buses Exceeding Useful Life^{xx}	✓	0%	≤ 10%	→
Palm Tran 40ft Buses Exceeding Useful Life^{xx}	✓	13.6%	≤ 10%	↓

TPA monitors and reports performance:

- Our annual performance report card.
- Additional information on our mySidewalk dashboard.

Performance-Based Approach

Goal

→ A desired outcome

Objective

→ A broad ambition

Strategy

→ A discrete action

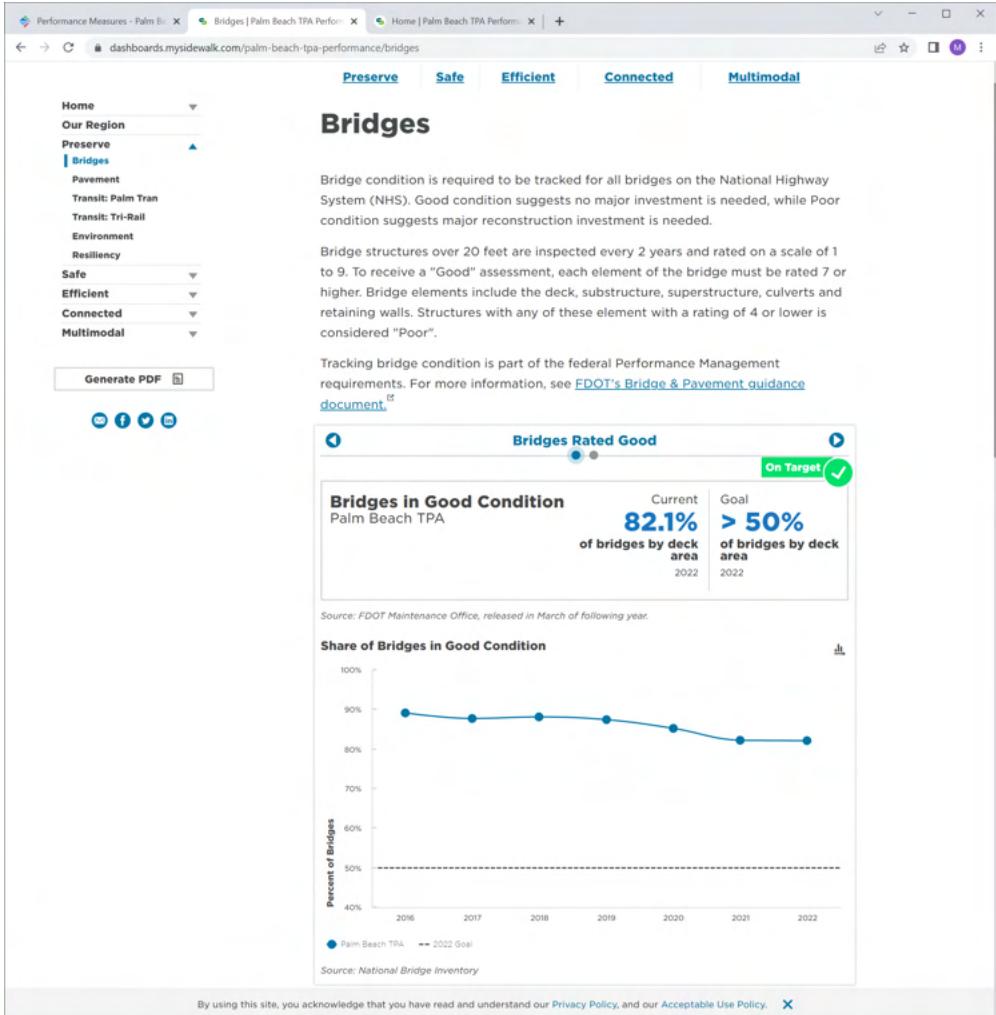
Performance
Measures

→ A quantifiable indicator
of progress



A quantifiable outcome
that can be *influenced* and
achieved by our Actions

Performance Measures



Potential Uses:

- Links Performance to Investment
- Evaluate Investment Scenarios

Requires:

- Supporting data

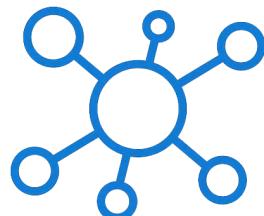
Role of Targets



Goal - Safe



Goal - Efficient



Goal - Connected



Goal - Multimodal



Goal - Resilient

#1: Required for Federal Performance Measures.

#2: May emphasize TPA's highest priorities for additional (or optional) targets.

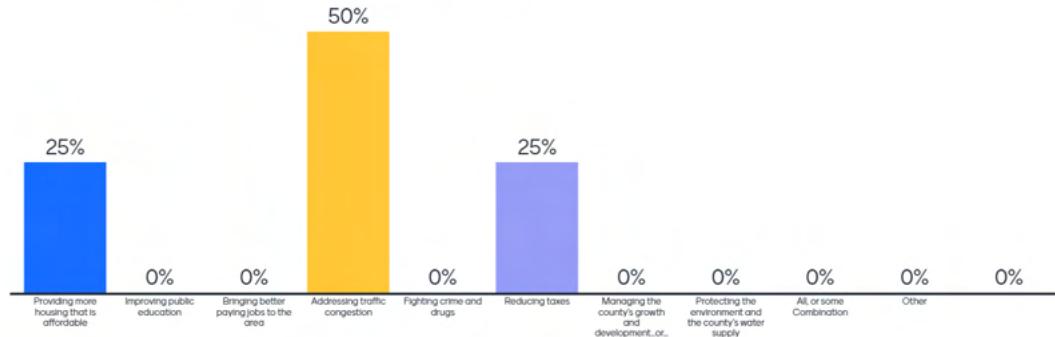
Targets are not required for each performance measure. Trends (\blacktriangle — \blacktriangledown) may serve as the indicator.

What are Your Priorities?

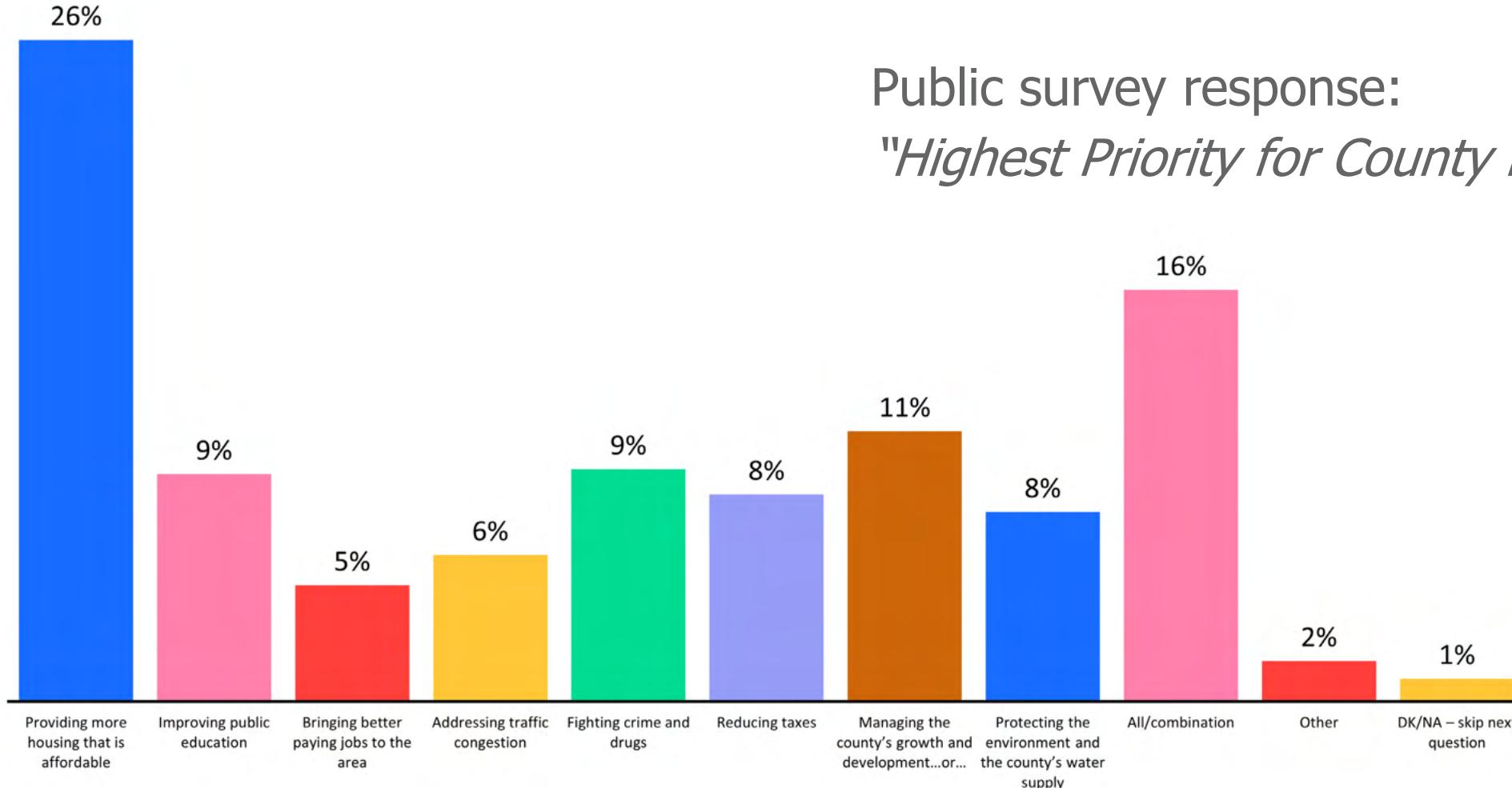
Join at menti.com use code 6234 5472

Mentimeter

At this time, which of the following would you say should be the highest priority for county leaders? Is it...



Vision 2050 Survey Results

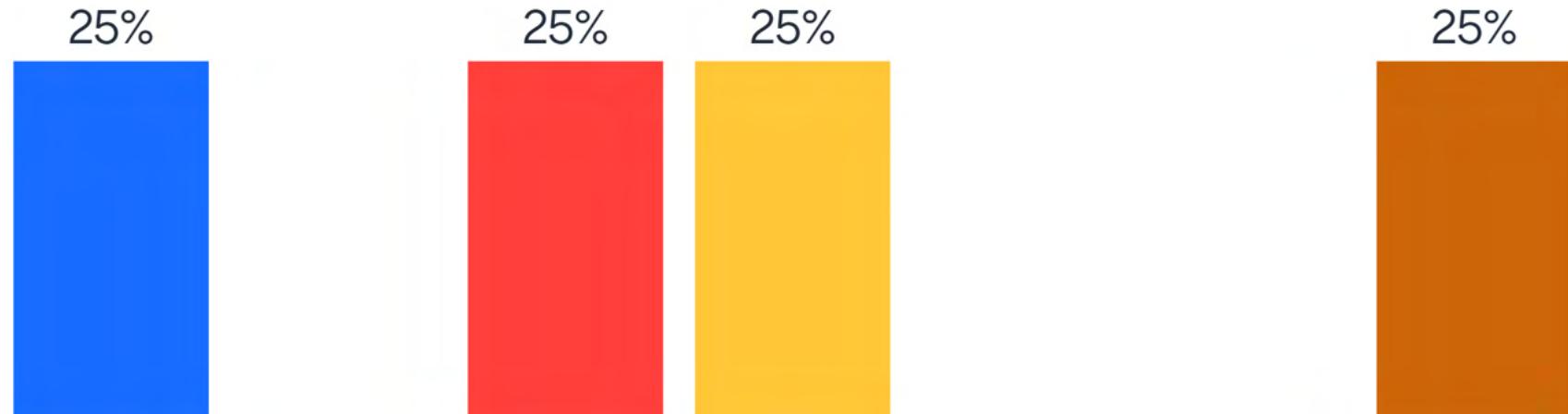




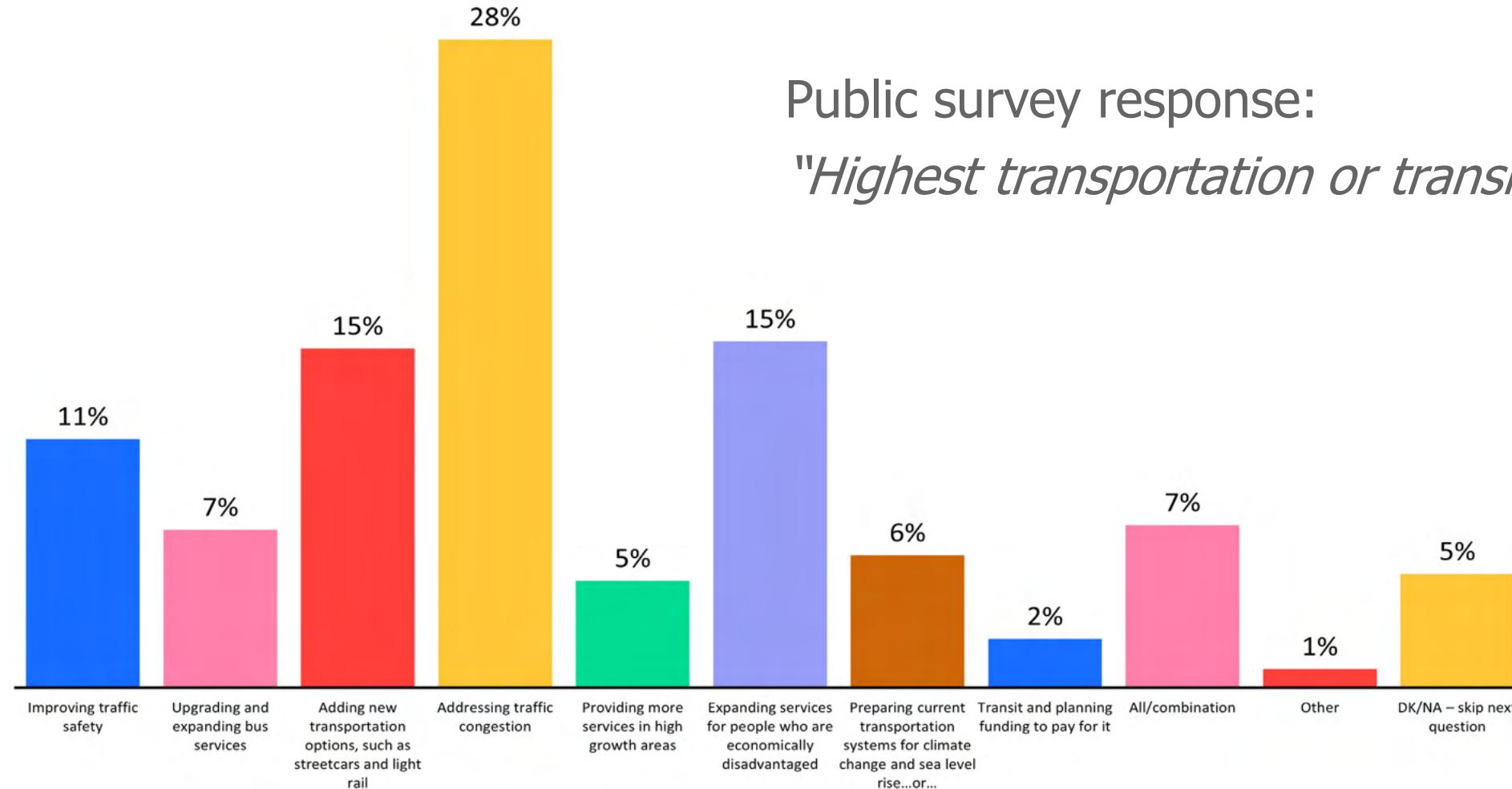
Your Transportation Priorities?

Join at menti.com use code 6234 547

Which of the following would you say should be the top priority in transportation and transit planning? Is it...



Vision 2050 Survey Results





Your Vision of 2050?

Join at menti.com use code 6234 547

How will you travel around your neighborhood, and community in 2050

10 Responses

boot skates

aceship

lawnmower

angry robots

electric

death star

whatever

death train





Setting Our Sights on 2050



“What you get by achieving your goals is not as important as what you become by achieving your goals.”

-Henry David Thoreau

Vision: Mobility



Goal - Safe



Goal - Efficient



Goal - Connected



Goal - Multimodal



Goal - Resilient

Vision: Livability



Goal - Safe



Goal - Efficient



Goal - Connected



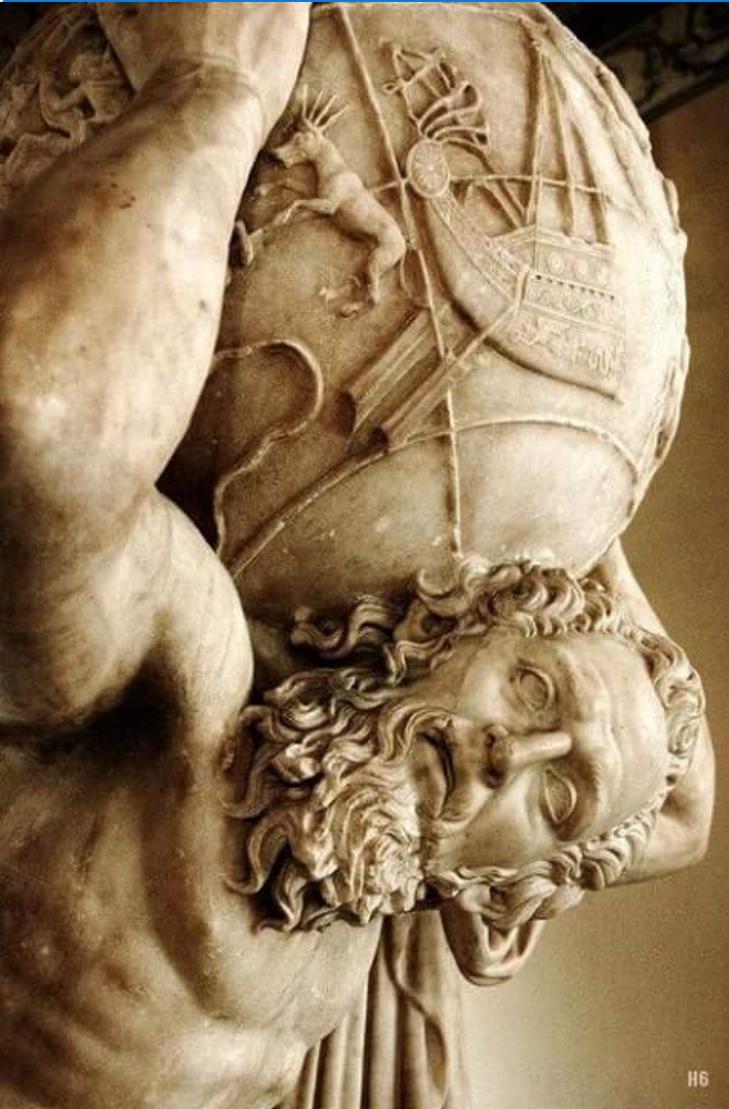
Goal - Multimodal



Goal - Resilient



Acknowledging our Influence



ex·ter·nal·i·ty

noun

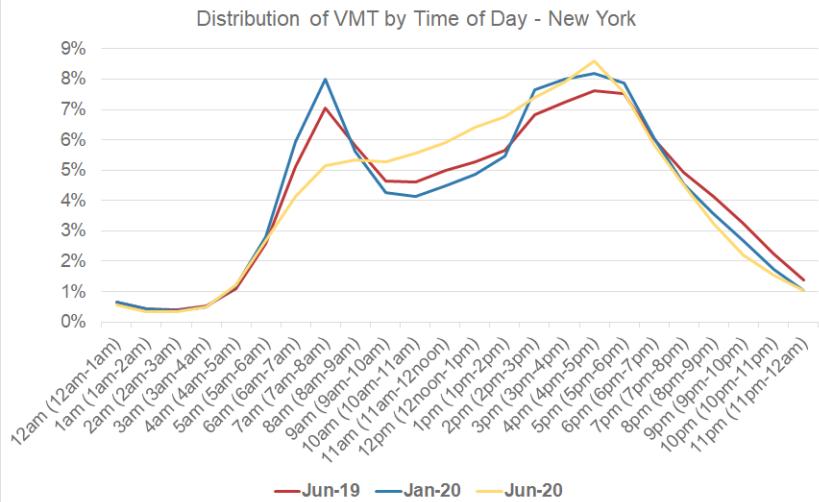
plural noun: externalities

1. ECONOMICS

a side effect or consequence of an industrial or commercial activity that affects other parties without this being reflected in the cost of the goods or services involved, such as the pollination of surrounding crops by bees kept for honey.

Several Performance Variables

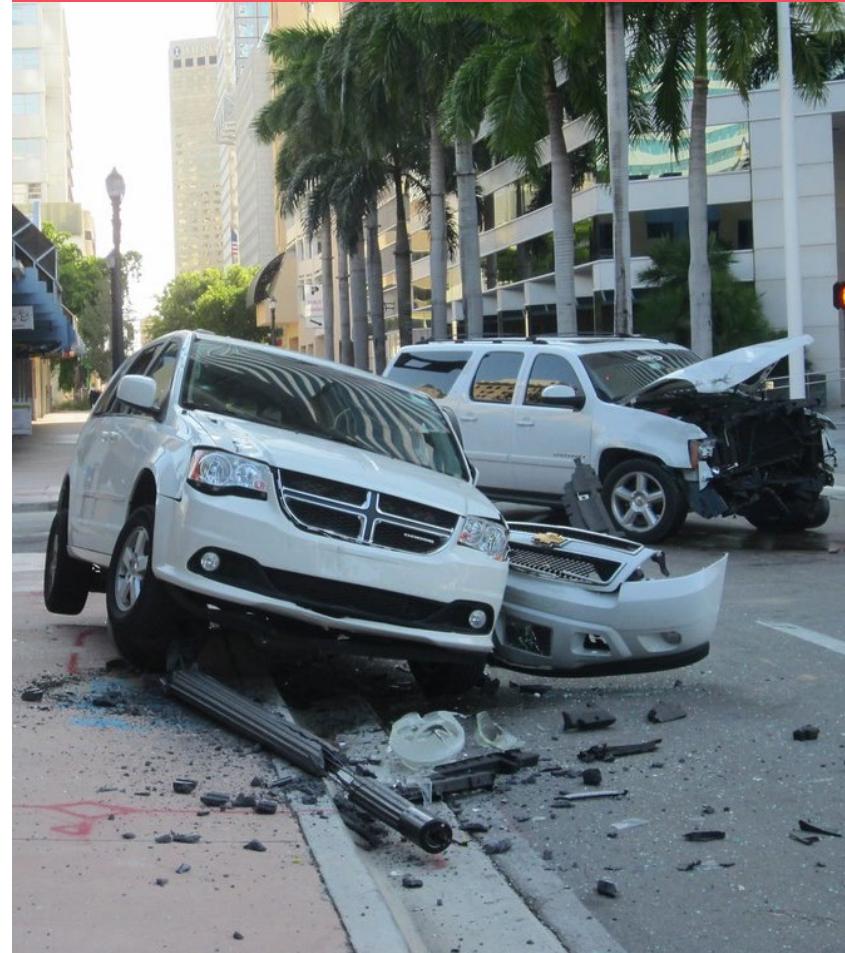
Travel Choice



Distraction



Behavior



Technology & Innovation





What Challenges Lie Ahead?

Join at menti.com use code 6234 547

In your opinion, what are the greatest barriers to achieving our vision of 2050?

6 Responses

reliance on c

climate change

car culture

cost





What Would You Measure?

Join at menti.com use code 6234 547

What should we measure, to help us realize our Vision?

8 Responses

ridership

environment

emis

curb ramps

nts

s

quality of life



Breakout Conversations

Talk with staff in the back of the room:

Right: Federal Performance Measures & Targets

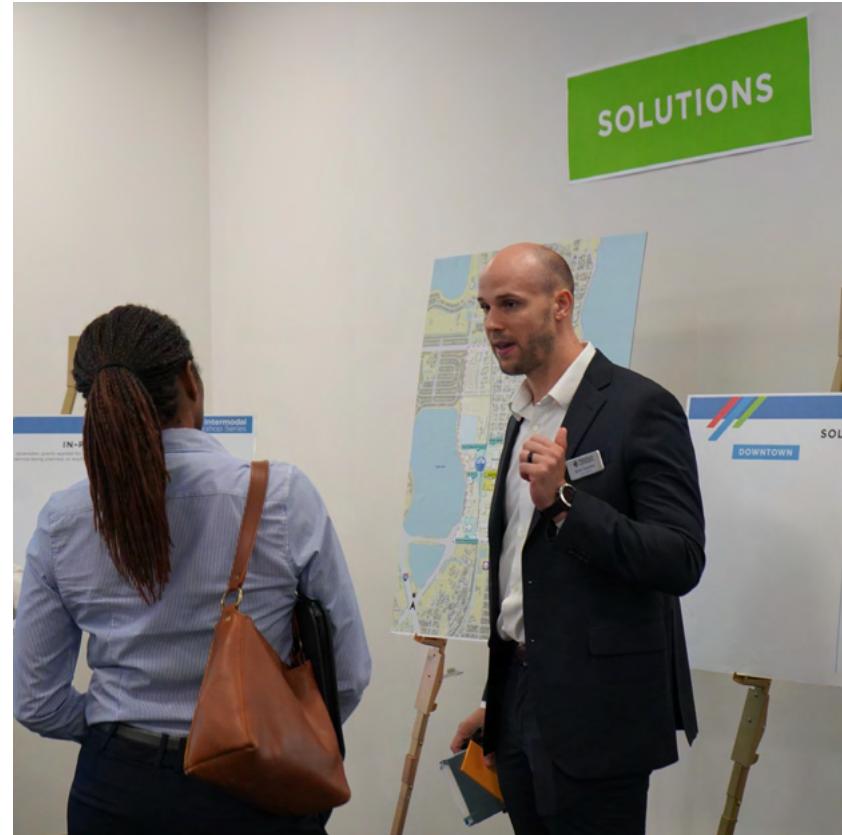
Left: TPA Performance Measures & Targets

Virtual participants, access workshop materials on our [webpage](#).

All participants, use [Menti.com](#) to engage.



The slide features the Vision 2050 logo at the top left. The main title "Vision 2050: Safe, Efficient" is centered in large blue font. Below the title, there are two sections: "Goal: Safe" on the left and "Goal: Efficient" on the right. Each section contains several bullet points under "Objective 5.1" and "Strategy 5.1". At the bottom center, the text "Menti Code or QR" is displayed in large blue font, with a blue arrow pointing upwards towards the QR code in the "Questions or Comments?" box. The QR code is located in a green box along with the text "Join at [Menti.com](#) Use Code 3470631".



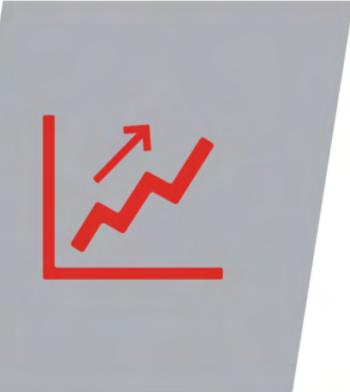
Thanks!



Thanks for participating in today's workshop!

Links to access workshop materials:

- [Breakout Materials](#)
 - Use [Menti.com](#) for questions & feedback
- Sign up to stay engaged:
- [Vision 2050 webpage](#)



Transportation Performance Management (TPM)

Performance Measures Update

Jennifer Fortunas
Director, Office of Policy Planning

August 17, 2023

Strategic
development

Workshop Purpose

*Provide overview of federal performance measures
and current statewide targets*

Describe FDOT's approach to target setting

*Define the role of the TPA in setting and
making progress toward targets*

What We've Heard

How will the state ensure pavement and bridges remain safe and in good condition?

How are state performance targets determined?

How will state and MPO performance targets affect future investments?

How will FDOT coordinate with MPOs on future state targets?



Learning Objectives

*Understand background and purpose of
performance measures and targets*

*Understand roles of FDOT and the TPA in
establishing targets and monitoring performance*

*Understand TPA's role in the
performance-based planning process*

Presentation Outline



Overview of transportation performance management



Context for FDOT's investments



FDOT's target setting approach



Use of targets for decision-making



Process and schedule for target updates

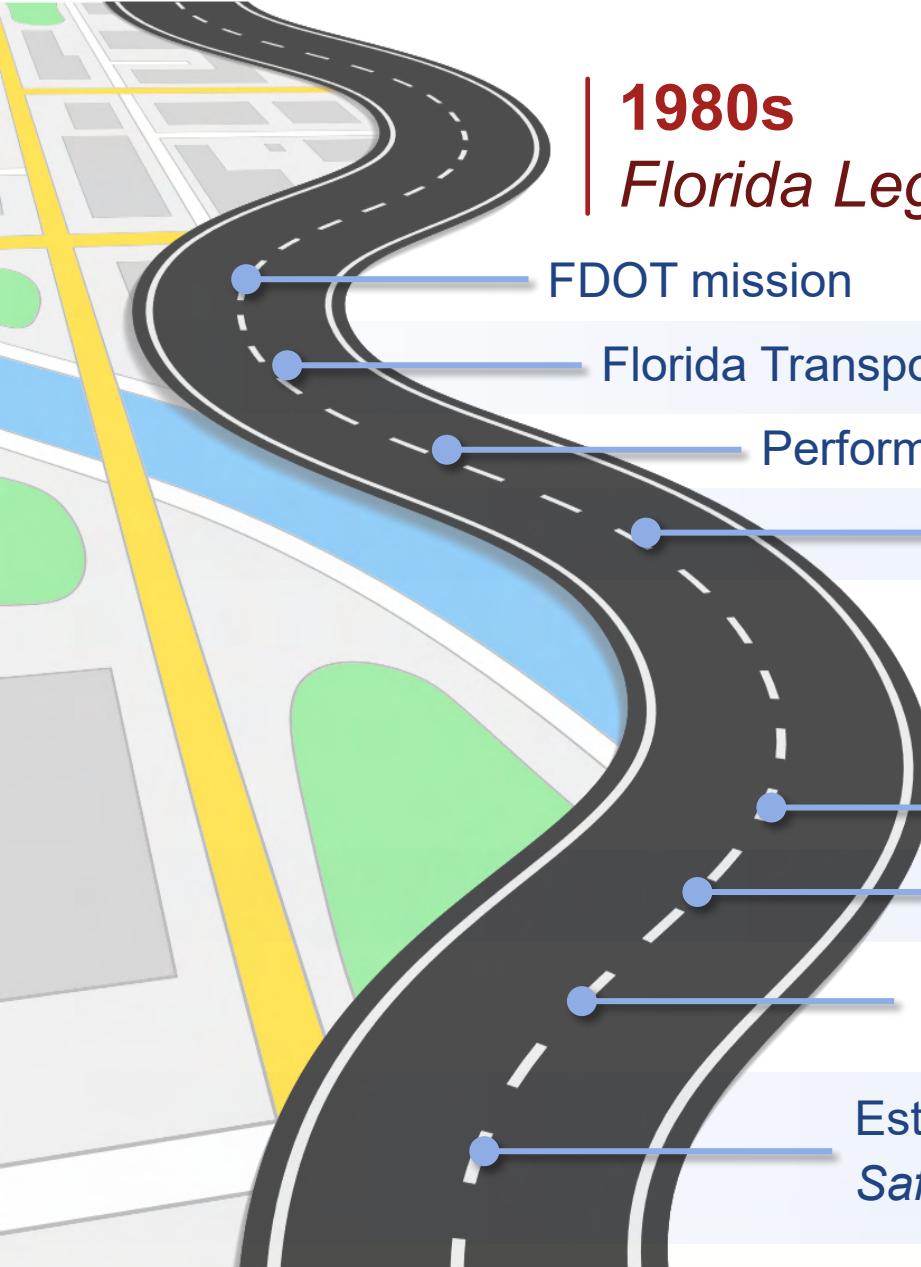
Overview of Transportation Performance Management

(Transportation Performance Management)



Role of TPM





1980s

Florida Legislature established

FDOT mission

Florida Transportation Plan

Performance targets for state-maintained pavement and bridge condition

Florida Transportation Commission to oversee performance of FDOT

1990s to Present *FDOT Practices*

Established system performance measures

Monitored and reported performance (Sourcebook)

Incorporated performance measures and indicators in the
Florida Transportation Plan

Established investment policy to support legislative direction:
Safety | Preservation | Capacity

TPM in Florida

Federal TPM Requirements

- Initial emphasis on management systems in 1990s
- National goals, federal measures and state and MPO target setting mandates for the National Highway System (*for safety measures, all public roads*)
 - 2012 - MAP-21
 - 2015 - FAST Act
 - 2021 - IIJA
- Planning and performance rules issued beginning in 2017 after FAST Act; may be updated following IIJA

Federal TPM Framework



Annual
Targets

Targets every 4 years
(most recently in 2022-23;
opportunity to adjust at midpoint
in 2024-25 and update in 2026-27)

Annual targets for providers,
during LRTP update for MPOs

Federal Measures Focus on NHS

	<i>Statewide</i>	<i>Palm Beach County</i>
BRIDGES 	5,722 <i>on NHS</i> 7,236 <i>on SHS</i> 12,740 <i>on all public roads</i>	254 <i>on NHS</i> 295 <i>on SHS</i> 614 <i>on all public roads</i>
PAVEMENT (CENTERLINE-MILES) 	8,227 <i>on NHS</i> 12,158 <i>on SHS</i> 123,816 <i>on all public roads</i>	321 <i>on NHS</i> 477 <i>on SHS</i> 3,931 <i>on all public roads</i>

TPM Target Setting and Reporting Roles

	FDOT	MPOs
Target setting	Statewide targets	Support statewide target OR set target for MPO planning area
Reporting	FTP: statewide progress toward targets, including MPO progress STIP: anticipated impact toward targets Bi-annual report to FHWA on basis for and progress toward PM2 and PM3 targets	MPO LRTP: progress toward targets in MPO area TIP: anticipated impact toward targets Data and progress on specific targets for MPO planning area to FDOT

Context for FDOT's Investments

FTP Goals

SAFETY AND SECURITY FOR
RESIDENTS, VISITORS AND BUSINESSES

TRANSPORTATION
SOLUTIONS THAT
ENHANCE FLORIDA'S
ENVIRONMENT

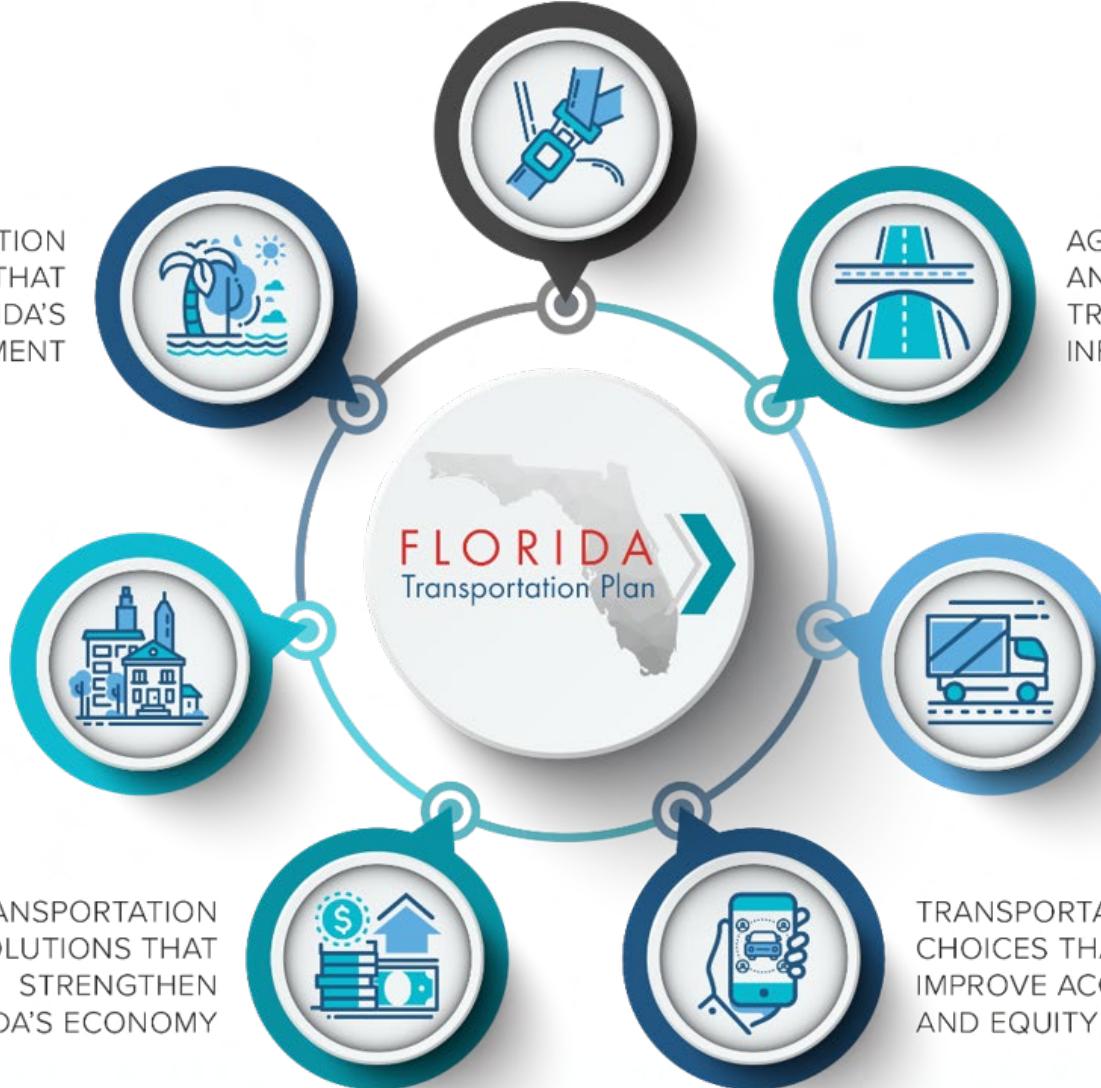
TRANSPORTATION
SYSTEMS THAT
ENHANCE
FLORIDA'S
COMMUNITIES

TRANSPORTATION
SOLUTIONS THAT
STRENGTHEN
FLORIDA'S ECONOMY

AGILE, RESILIENT,
AND QUALITY
TRANSPORTATION
INFRASTRUCTURE

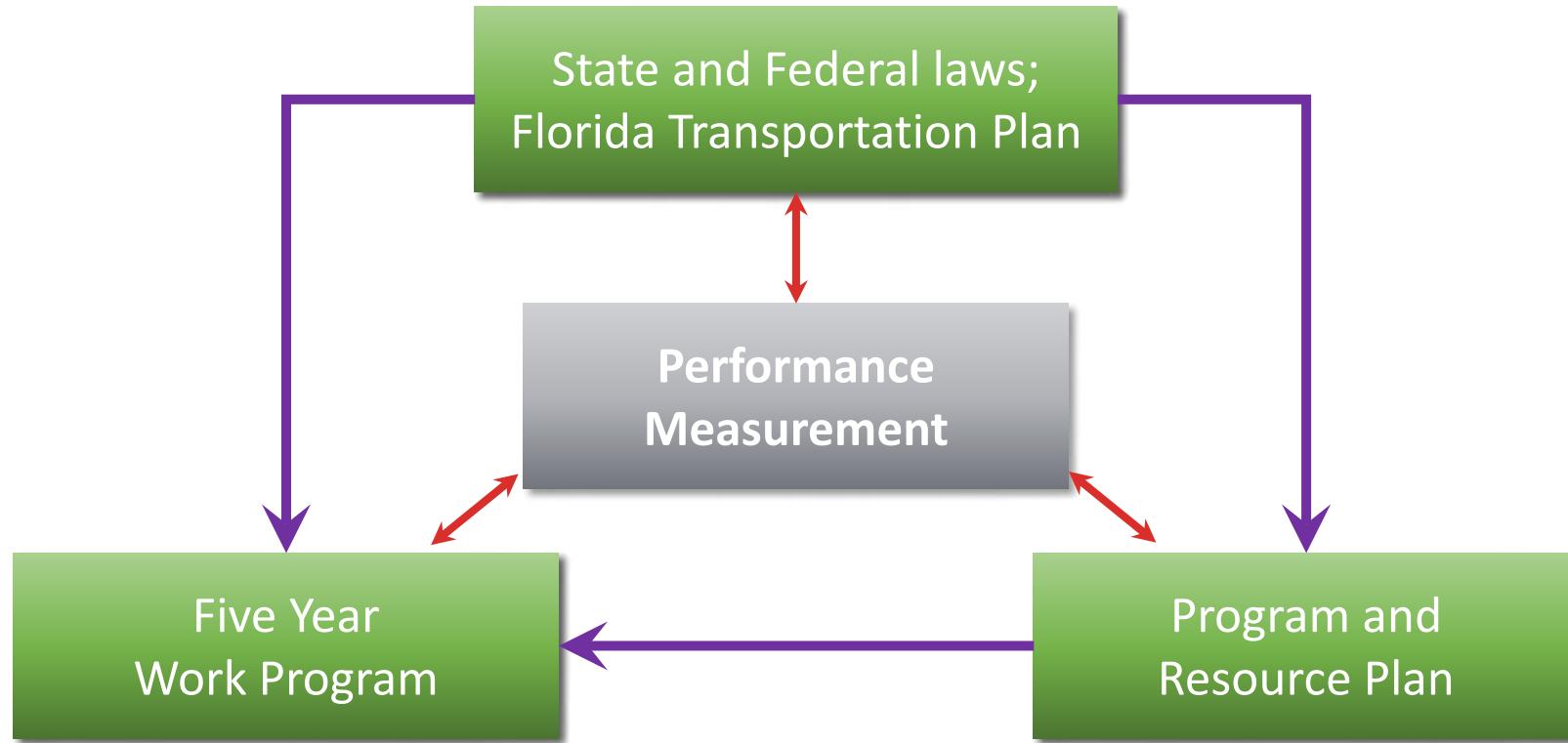
CONNECTED,
EFFICIENT, AND
RELIABLE MOBILITY
FOR PEOPLE
AND FREIGHT

TRANSPORTATION
CHOICES THAT
IMPROVE ACCESSIBILITY
AND EQUITY



Framework for Investment Decisions

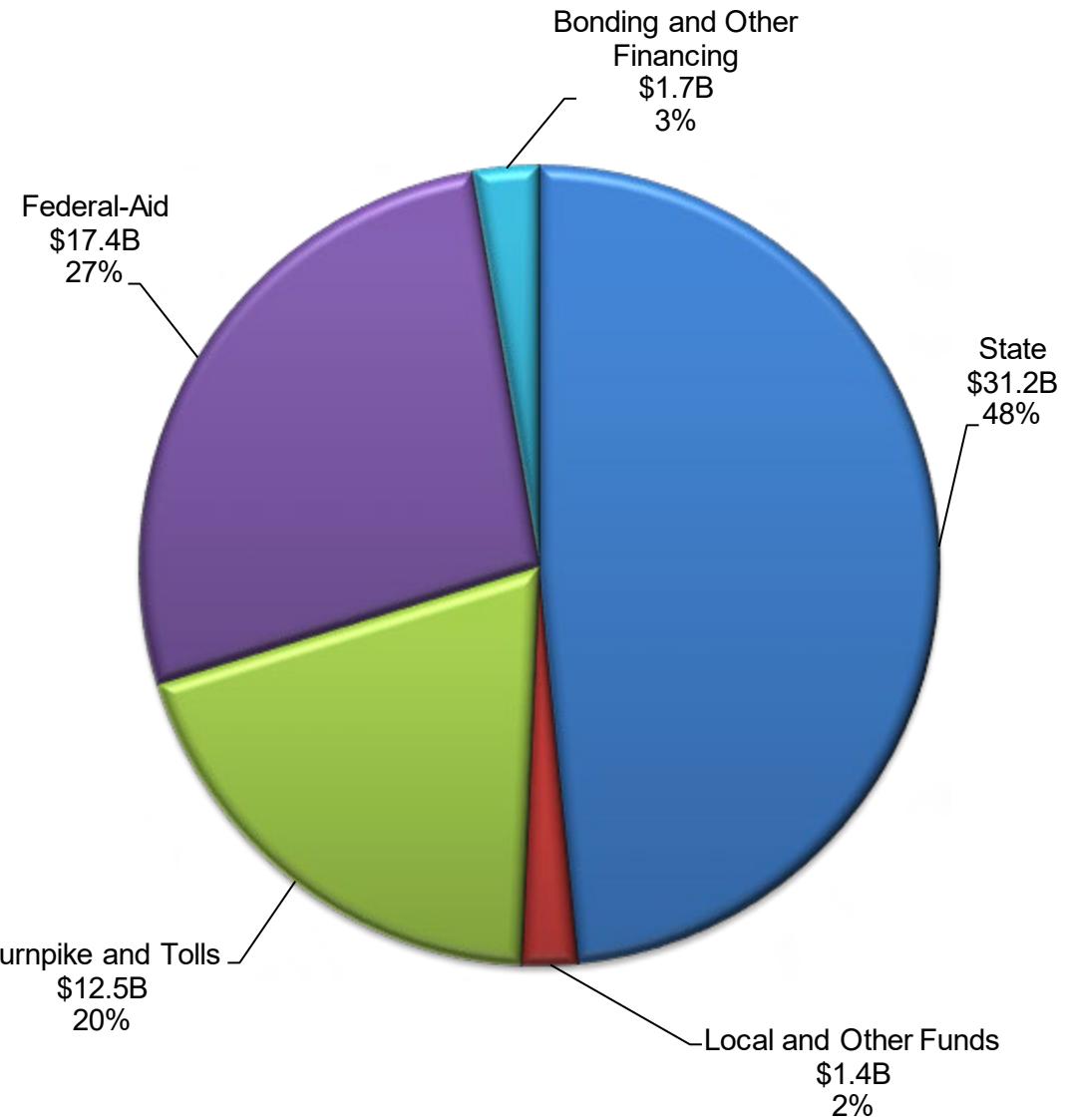
Performance-Based Planning and Programming



Funding by Source

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
TOTAL FUNDING BY SOURCE
FY 2024 - 2028

Federal Funds = 27%



TOTAL 5-YEAR ADOPTED WORK PROGRAM \$64.3B

State Investment Priorities

- Safety (all programs)
- Preserve investments – needs-based with statutorily defined objectives
 - Bridge
 - Pavement
 - Maintenance
- Statutory allocation requirements
- Transportation system capacity
 - Strategic Intermodal System (SIS)
 - Arterials and other non-SIS projects

FDOT's Target Setting Approach

Target Setting Considerations

What: *Measurable objective for future performance, considering*

- Recent performance trends
- External factors
- Policy considerations, including state and federal regulations
- Availability of funding and other resources

How: *Multiple approaches*

- Aspirational – *where do we desire to be?*
- Policy-driven – *where do we need to be to meet statutory or agency priorities?*
- Data-driven – *where do we expect to be based on available resources and external trends?*

Example Factors Influencing Performance

External

- Population and economic growth
- Demand for moving people and freight
- Crashes
- Construction/workzones
- Extreme weather events
- Construction, maintenance, operations costs

Internal

- Agency priorities and standards
- Funding levels
- Workforce capacity

Role of TPM

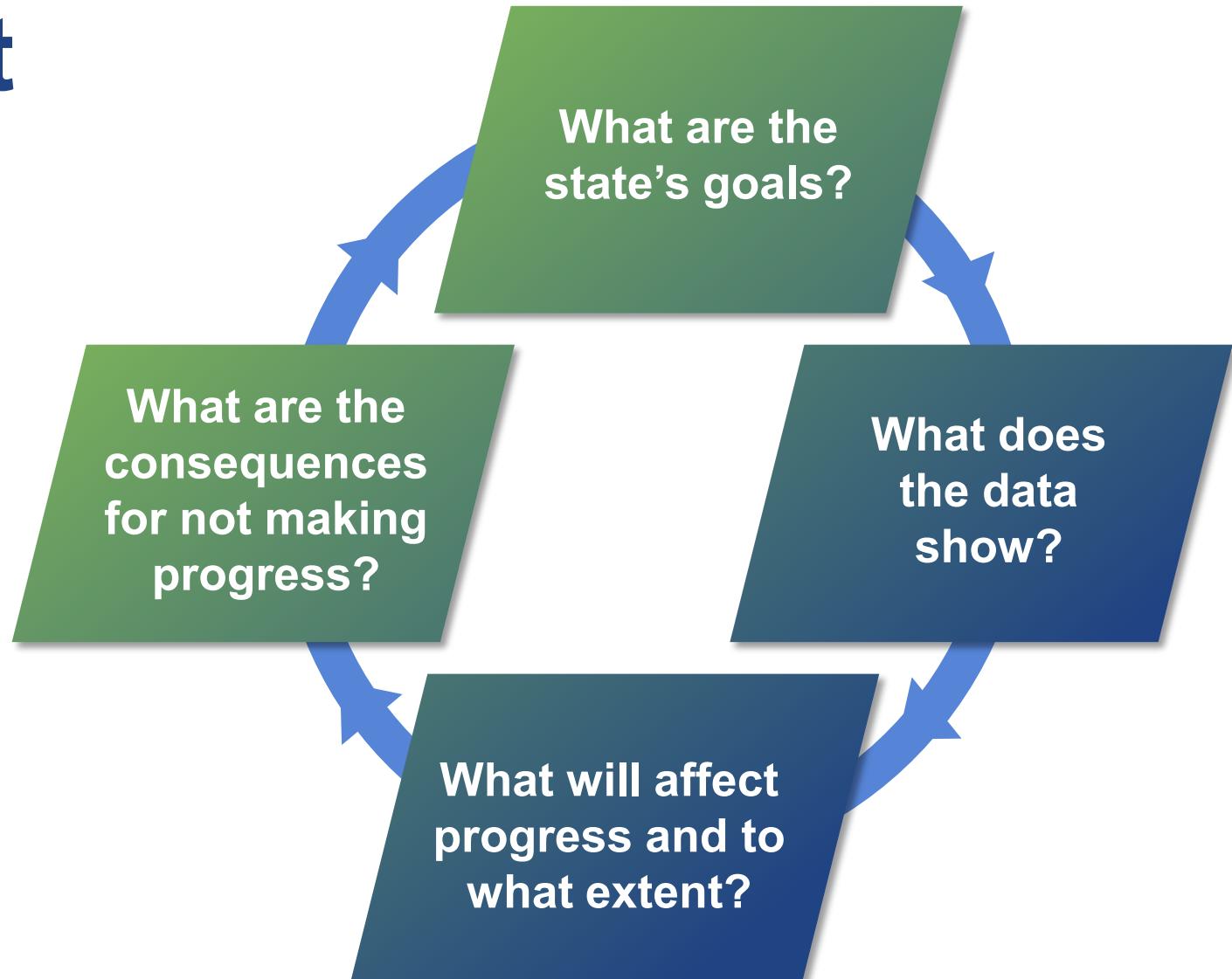


Example: State- Maintained Bridges



Statewide Target Setting Process

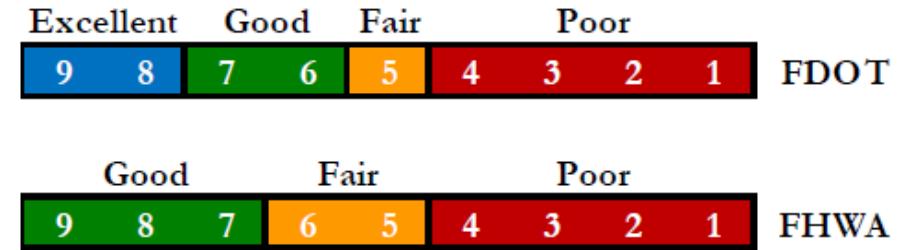
- Collaboration with FDOT program offices
- Collaboration with MPOs
 - *Review data & targets*
 - *Receive input*
- Approval by FDOT Leadership



FDOT and Federal Measures Differ

- **Bridge**

- Different categories/standards
- Different calculations (number of bridges v. deck area)



- **Pavement**

- Different segmentations
- Different methodologies for measuring rutting and cracking
- Different standards

- **System Performance**

- Different methodologies for reliability
- Changes in travel time sources

Using Targets for Decision Making

Using Targets for Decision-Making

- FDOT
 - Informs update of long-range goals through FTP
 - Supports resource allocation and project prioritization, along with statutory targets and policy goals
 - Focuses on NHS facilities as part of national system
- MPOs
 - Informs long-range goals in LRTP
 - Supports identification and prioritization of needs on NHS facilities in planning area
 - Similar performance-based approach could be used for the rest of the MPO system with MPO specific targets

Frequent MPO Questions

Target Setting:

Should we support statewide targets, or set our own?

Investment Strategy:

How could our decisions impact performance?

Planning Process:

How should we adapt our existing process to incorporate performance management?

Target Setting

Should We Support Statewide Targets, or Set Our Own?

How well do MPO priorities align with national and state goals?

How significant is the NHS as part of our regional system?

How does our performance compare to the rest of the state?

Is performance more driven by MPO or statewide actions?

Is performance more driven by internal or external factors?

Investment Strategy

How Could Our Decisions Impact Performance?

Can we move the needle on performance in 1-4 years?

How quickly will today's strategies and projects become operational?

Is this TIP or the next one significantly different than previous TIPs?

Are socioeconomic trends or travel behavior changing?

Planning Process

How Should Process Adapt to Incorporate TPM?

How should TPM requirements change our planning process?

How will we coordinate targets across the federal performance areas?

How should we adapt our process to use TPM approach?

Process and Schedule for Target Updates

Federal TPM Measures: Key Upcoming Dates

Date (on or before)	Milestone
August 31, 2023	FDOT establishes CY 2024 safety targets
February 27, 2024	MPOs establish CY 2024 safety targets
October 1, 2024	FDOT submits mid-period performance report and has option of updating CY 2025 PM2 and PM3 targets
March 30, 2025	MPOs establish CY 2025 PM2 and PM3 targets if FDOT has adjusted statewide targets

Proposed Process for Statewide Target Setting for PM2 and PM3

- **Winter 2024** – initiate discussion on potential mid-period adjustments
- **August 2024** – FDOT to share 2023 performance data with MPOs
- **By October 1, 2024** – FDOT decision on adjusting statewide 2025 targets
- **By February 27, 2025** – MPO decision on adjusting targets if FDOT has changed statewide targets

What We've Heard

How will the state ensure pavement and bridges remain safe and in good condition?

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How will state and MPO performance targets affect future investments?

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Thanks!

Strategic
development